

Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer and Nonemployer

June 30, 2021

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



KPMG LLP Suite 2000 303 Peachtree Street, N.E. Atlanta, GA 30308-3210

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees Georgia Judicial Retirement System:

We have audited the accompanying schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations of the Georgia Judicial Retirement System (GJRS) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes. We have also audited the total for all entities of the columns titled net pension asset, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, and total pension expense (benefit) (specified column totals) included in the accompanying schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer of GJRS as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Schedules

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these schedules in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the schedules that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and the specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension and specified column totals included in the schedule of the schedule of employer.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the employer and nonemployer allocations and net pension asset, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, and total pension expense (benefit) for the total of all participating entities for the Georgia Judicial Retirement System as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matter

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (the System), which includes the Georgia Judicial Retirement System, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and our report thereon, dated September 30, 2021, expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements.

Supplementary and Other Information

The schedule of employer allocations of special funding amounts and schedule of special funding amounts by employer have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Restriction on Use

Our report is intended solely for the information and use of System management, the Board of Trustees, GJRS employers, the State of Georgia, and their auditors and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Atlanta, Georgia April 26, 2022

Georgia Judicial Retirement System Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations As of and for the year ended June 30, 2021

	Employer	C	ontributions	Employer/ nonemployer allocation percentage
State of Georgia		\$	2,990,105	57.189250 %
State of Georgia	Nonemployer		2,238,334	42.810750 %
Total		\$	5,228,439	100.000000 %

See accompanying notes to schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer.

Georgia Judicial Retirement System

Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer and Nonemployer As of and for the year ended June 30, 2021

			Deferred out	flows of resources		1	De	ferred inflows of resou	urces		 F	Pension expense/(bene	efit)
	_											Net amortization	
				Changes in				Net Difference	Changes in			of changes in	
				proportion &				Between	proportion &			proportion &	
				diff between				Projected	diff between		Proportionate	diff between	
		Differences		employer	Total	Differences		and Actual	employer	Total	share of	employer	
		between		contributions &	deferred	between		Investment	contributions &	deferred	plan	contributions &	
		expected		proportionate	outflows	expected		Earnings on	proportionate	inflows	pension	proportionate	Total
	Net pension	and actual	Changes of	share	of	and actual	Changes of	Pension Plan	share	of	expense/	share	pension
Employer	asset	experience	assumptions	of contributions	resources	experience	assumptions	Investments	of contributions	resources	(benefit)	of contributions	expense/(benefit)
State of Georgia	\$ (68,649,400)	957,349	9,146,281	677,069	10,780,699	2,486,019		45,410,554	457,901	48,354,474	(7,628,657)	124,706	(7,503,951)
Nonemployer													
State of Georgia	(51,389,600)	716,651	6,846,719	848,537	8,411,907	1,860,981		33,993,446	1,067,705	36,922,132	(5,710,343)	(124,706)	(5,835,049)
Total	\$ (120,039,000)	1,674,000	15,993,000	1,525,606	19,192,606	4,347,000		79,404,000	1,525,606	85,276,606	(13,339,000)		(13,339,000)

See accompanying notes to schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer.

Notes to Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer and Nonemployer

June 30, 2021

(1) Plan Description

The Georgia Judicial Retirement System (GJRS) was established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1998 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for judges and solicitors general of the state courts and juvenile court judges in Georgia and their survivors and other beneficiaries, superior court judges of the State of Georgia (State), and district attorneys of the State. The GJRS was also created to serve the members and beneficiaries of the Trial Judges and Solicitors Retirement Fund, the Superior Court Judges Retirement System, and the District Attorneys Retirement System (collectively, the Predecessor Retirement Systems). The GJRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*.

The normal retirement is age 60, with 16 years of creditable service; however, a member may retire at age 60 with a minimum of 10 years of creditable service. Annual retirement benefits paid to members are computed as 66³/₃% of state paid salary at retirement for district attorneys and superior court judges and 66³/₃% of the average over 24 consecutive months for trial judges and solicitors, plus 1% for each year of credited service over 16 years, not to exceed 24 years. Early retirement benefits paid to members are computed as the pro rata portion of the normal retirement benefit, based on service not to exceed 16 years. Death, disability, and spousal benefits are also available.

(2) Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations and the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer and Nonemployer (collectively, the Schedules) present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of the GJRS and the State. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of the GJRS or the State. The amounts presented in the Schedules are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management of GJRS to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

(3) Allocation Methodology

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, (GASB Statement No. 68) requires participating employers and nonemployers in the GJRS to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension asset, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources, and collective pension expense (benefit). The employer allocation percentages presented in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations and applied to amounts presented in the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer and Nonemployer are based on the ratio of each employer's and nonemployer's contribution to the GJRS total employer and nonemployer contributions during the measurement period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Contributions from the employer and nonemployer contributing entities are recognized when due, based on statutory requirements.

Notes to Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer and Nonemployer

June 30, 2021

A reconciliation of total contributions presented in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations to those reported in the GJRS statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows (amounts in thousands):

Total current year employer and nonemployer contributions	
per schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations	\$ 5,228
Transfers in from other retirement systems	732
Prior year employer and nonemployer contributions	110
Total employer and nonemployer contributions per audited financial statements	\$ 6,070

(4) Collective Net Pension Asset

The components of the collective net pension asset of the participating employers and nonemployer at June 30, 2021 were as follows (amounts in thousands):

Total pension liability	\$ 485,387
Plan fiduciary net position	605,426
Employers' and nonemployers' net pension asset	\$ (120,039)

(a) Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The roll forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year. This actuarial valuation used the following key actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.75%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates are as follows:

- The Pub-2010 General Employee Table, with no adjustments, projected generationally with the MP-2019 scale is used for both males and females while in active service.
- The Pub-2010 Family of Tables projected generationally with the MP-2019 Scale and with further adjustments are used for post-retirement mortality assumptions in the table on the following page:

Notes to Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer and Nonemployer

June 30, 2021

Participant Type	Membership Table	Set Forward (+)/ Setback (-)	Adjustment To Rates
Service Retirees	General Healthy Annuitant	Male: +1; Female: +1	Male: 105%; Female: 108%
Disability Retirees	General Disabled	Male: -3; Female: 0	Male: 103%; Female: 106%
Beneficiaries	General Contingent Survivors	Male: +2; Female: +2	Male: 106%; Female: 105%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as provided by the system for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term expected real rate
Asset class	allocation	of return*
Fixed income	30.00 %	(1.50)%
Domestic large cap equities	46.40	9.20
Domestic small cap equities	1.10	13.40
International developed market equities	11.70	9.20
International emerging market equities	5.80	10.40
Alternatives	5.00	10.60
	100.00 %	

*Net of inflation

(b) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on

Notes to Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer and Nonemployer

June 30, 2021

pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(c) Sensitivity of the Collective Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the collective net pension asset calculated using a discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the collective net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate at June 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands):

	Current					
	 Decrease (6.00%)	discount rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)			
Collective net pension asset	\$ (73,153)	(120,039)	(160,567)			

(5) Special Funding Situation

The State makes contributions to the GJRS for its employees and also on behalf of local county employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity in the GJRS. Since the local county employers do not contribute directly to the GJRS, there is no net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources, or deferred inflows of resources to recognize in the financial statements of the local county employers. However, the notes to the financial statements must disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net pension asset that is associated with the local county employer. In addition, each local county employer must recognize the pension expense associated with the employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with the employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with the employer as well as revenue in an amount equal to the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective pension expense associated with the employer.

Notes to Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer and Nonemployer

June 30, 2021

(6) Collective Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The following presents a summary of changes in the collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the year ended June 30, 2021 (amounts in thousands):

	Year of deferral	Amortization period	Beginning of year balance		Additions	Deductions	End of year balance
Deferred outflows of resources:							
Differences between expected							
and actual experience	2017	5.2 years	\$	1,214	_	1,011	203
	2018	5.2 years		2,698		1,227	1,471
Subtotal				3,912	—	2,238	1,674
Changes of assumptions	2018	5.2 years		3,158	_	1,436	1,722
	2021	5.0 years			17,839	3,568	14,271
Subtotal				3,158	17,839	5,004	15,993
Total deferred outflows of							
resources			\$	7,070	17,839	7,242	17,667
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Differences between expected							
and actual experience	2016	5.4 years	\$	268	_	268	_
	2019	5.1 years		3,192	_	1,029	2,163
	2020	4.9 years		19	_	5	14
	2021	5.0 years		_	2,712	542	2,170
Subtotal				3,479	2,712	1,844	4,347
Changes of assumptions	2016	5.4 years		318	_	318	_
Net difference between projected	2017	5.0 years		3,889	_	3,889	_
and actual earnings on pension	2018	5.0 years		2,930	_	1,466	1,464
plan investments	2019	5.0 years		(1,546)	_	(516)	(1,030)
	2010	5.0 years		(7,114)	_	(1,778)	(5,336)
	2021	5.0 years		(.,) —	105,382	21,076	84,306
Subtotal				(1,841)	105,382	24,137	79,404
Total deferred inflows of							
resources			\$	1,956	108,094	26,299	83,751

Notes to Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer and Nonemployer

June 30, 2021

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (amounts in thousands):

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ (15,388)
2023	(16,262)
2024	(16,379)
2025	(18,055)
2026	
Total	\$ (66,084)

Changes in Proportion

The previous amounts do not include employer and nonemployer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized) by each employer and nonemployer over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 5.4 years, 5.2 years, 5.2 years, 5.1 years, 4.9 years, and 5.0 years for 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021 respectively.

(7) Collective Pension Expense (Benefit)

The components of collective pension expense (benefit) for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Service cost	\$ 13,494
Interest on the total pension liability and net cash flow	32,131
Member contributions	(5,190)
Projected earnings on plan investments	(34,721)
Administrative expense	846
Other	(842)
Recognition (amortization) of deferred inflows and outflows of resources:	
Differences between expected and actual experience	394
Changes of assumptions	4,686
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	 (24,137)
Collective pension expense (benefit)	\$ (13,339)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (SEE ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

Georgia Judicial Retirement System Schedule of Employer Allocations of Special Funding Amounts As of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

	5	State pension	Employer
		support	allocation
Employer		provided	percentage
Appling County Board of Commissioners	\$	12,633	0.241619 %
Bacon County Board of Commissioners	*	3,466	0.066297 %
Baldwin County Board of Commissioners		14,365	0.274746 %
Barrow County Board of Commissioners		2,494	0.047699 %
Bartow County Board of Commissioners		11,295	0.216038 %
Bibb County Board of Commissioners		33,614	0.642909 %
Brooks County Board of Commissioners		4,127	0.078937 %
Bryan County Board of Commissioners		17,630	0.337198 %
Bulloch County Board of Commissioners		16,785	0.321033 %
Burke County Board of Commissioners		4,995	0.095537 %
Camden County Board of Commissioners		10,357	0.198099 %
Candler County Board of Commissioners		5,831	0.111523 %
Carroll County Board of Commissioners		28,504	0.545175 %
Catoosa County Board of Commissioners		22,727	0.434681 %
Charlton County Board of Commissioners		6,430	0.122989 %
Chatham County Board of Commissioners		70,388	1.346258 %
Chattooga County Board of Commissioners		7,370	0.140952 %
Cherokee County Board of Commissioners		66,503	1.271944 %
Clarke County Board of Commissioners		35,325	0.675629 %
Clayton County Board of Commissioners		98,106	1.876389 %
Cobb County Board of Commissioners		195,321	3.735750 %
Coffee County Board of Commissioners		12,490	0.238894 %
Colquitt County Board of Commissioners		10,671	0.204100 %
Columbia County Board of Commissioners		31,320	0.599037 %
Coweta County Board of Commissioners		42,812	0.818838 %
Decatur County Board of Commissioners		8,721	0.166808 %
Dekalb County Board of Commissioners		135,546	2.592471 %
Dougherty County Board of Commissioners		21,684	0.414734 %
Douglas County Board of Commissioners		42,630	0.815348 %
Early County Board of Commissioners		3,143	0.060114 %
Effingham County Board of Commissioners		26,835	0.513260 %
Elbert County Board of Commissioners		6,536	0.125016 %
Emanuel County Board of Commissioners		5,705	0.109118 %
Evans County Board of Commissioners		7,956	0.152163 %
Fayette County Board of Commissioners		32,283	0.617454 %
Floyd County Board of Commissioners		10,850	0.207526 %
Forsyth County Board of Commissioners		43,897	0.839576 %
Fulton County Board of Commissioners		135,546	2.592470 %
Glynn County Board of Commissioners		18,231	0.348684 %
Gordon County Board of Commissioners		4,906	0.093832 %
Grady County Board of Commissioners		11,442	0.218842 %
Gwinnett County Board of Commissioners		100,270	1.917777 %
Habersham County Board of Commissioners		26,828	0.513118 %
Hall County Board of Commissioners		71,618	1.369785 %
Henry County Board of Commissioners		53,311	1.019640 %
Houston County Board of Commissioners		34,249	0.655048 %
Jackson County Board of Commissioners		24,816	0.474630 %
Jeff Davis County Board of Commissioners		11,651	0.222836 %

Georgia Judicial Retirement System Schedule of Employer Allocations of Special Funding Amounts As of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

	State pension		Employer
		support	allocation
Employer		provided	percentage
Jefferson County Board of Commissioners	\$	6,034	0.115400 %
Jenkins County Board of Commissioners		5,363	0.102579 %
Lamar County Board of Commissioners		9,489	0.181481 %
Lanier County Board of Commissioners		6,704	0.128223 %
Liberty County Board of Commissioners		27,827	0.532229 %
Long County Board of Commissioners		3,545	0.067810 %
Lowndes County Board of Commissioners		37,568	0.718528 %
Madison County Board of Commissioners		8,380	0.160277 %
Mcduffie County Board of Commissioners		6,704	0.128221 %
Mcintosh County Board of Commissioners		12,058	0.230624 %
Meriwether County Board of Commissioners		5,084	0.097245 %
Miller County Board of Commissioners		13,123	0.250994 %
Mitchell County Board of Commissioners		15,262	0.291910 %
Muscogee County Board of Commissioners		52,363	1.001502 %
Oconee County Board of Commissioners		4,819	0.092160 %
Paulding County Board of Commissioners		9,928	0.189877 %
Pickens County Board of Commissioners		16,638	0.318215 %
Pierce County Board of Commissioners		7,972	0.152466 %
Polk County Board of Commissioners		10,199	0.195071 %
Putnam County Board of Commissioners		9,956	0.190411 %
Richmond County Board of Commissioners		59,861	1.144902 %
Rockdale County Board of Commissioners		21,947	0.419755 %
Screven County Board of Commissioners		5,313	0.101615 %
Spalding County Board of Commissioners		22,168	0.423981 %
Stephens County Board of Commissioners		5,347	0.102274 %
Sumter County Board of Commissioners		12,359	0.236389 %
Tattnall County Board of Commissioners		6,241	0.119361 %
Thomas County Board of Commissioners		11,944	0.228434 %
Tift County Board of Commissioners		30,012	0.574013 %
Toombs County Board of Commissioners		4,371	0.083594 %
Treutlen County Board of Commissioners		7,036	0.134570 %
Troup County Board of Commissioners		28,772	0.550306 %
Turner County Board of Commissioners		9,902	0.189396 %
Walker County Board of Commissioners		27,904	0.533697 %
Walton County Board of Commissioners		10,066	0.192520 %
Ware County Board of Commissioners		16,050	0.306975 %
Washington County Board of Commissioners		3,500	0.066942 %
Wayne County Board of Commissioners		20,407	0.390311 %
White County Board of Commissioners		8,380	0.160277 %
Whitfield County Board of Commissioners		8,622	0.164900 %
Worth County Board of Commissioners		9,287	0.177617 %
Eighth Judicial Board of Commissioners		35,615	0.681177 %
Total for State support Provided to the Districts	\$	2,238,334	42.810750 %
See accompanying independent auditors' report.			

Georgia Judicial Retirement System Schedule of Special Funding Amounts by Employer As of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

	State	
	proportionate	Employer
		. ,
	share of	pension
	net pension	expense/
	asset	(benefit) and
	attributable	related
Employer	to employer	revenue
Appling County Board of Commissioners	\$ (290,037)	(33,802)
Bacon County Board of Commissioners	(79,582)	(8,510)
Baldwin County Board of Commissioners	(329,802)	(36,176)
Barrow County Board of Commissioners	(57,257)	(9,739)
Bartow County Board of Commissioners	(259,330)	(30,157)
Bibb County Board of Commissioners	(771,742)	(84,644)
Brooks County Board of Commissioners	(94,755)	(10,150)
Bryan County Board of Commissioners	(404,769)	(47,355)
Bulloch County Board of Commissioners	(385,365)	(34,423)
Burke County Board of Commissioners	(114,682)	(13,334)
Camden County Board of Commissioners	(237,796)	(28,002)
Candler County Board of Commissioners	(133,871)	(13,987)
Carroll County Board of Commissioners	(654,423)	(71,830)
Catoosa County Board of Commissioners	(521,787)	(85,708)
Charlton County Board of Commissioners	(147,635)	(14,975)
Chatham County Board of Commissioners	(1,616,035)	(178,602)
Chattooga County Board of Commissioners	(169,197)	(18,326)
Cherokee County Board of Commissioners	(1,526,829)	(167,526)
Clarke County Board of Commissioners	(811,018)	(81,707)
Clayton County Board of Commissioners	(2,252,399)	(237,705)
Clinch County Board of Commissioners	(4 404 257)	5,791
Cobb County Board of Commissioners	(4,484,357)	(477,250)
Coffee County Board of Commissioners	(286,766)	(30,984)
Colquitt County Board of Commissioners Columbia County Board of Commissioners	(245,000) (719,078)	(26,277) (82,568)
Coveta County Board of Commissioners	(982,925)	(107,481)
Decatur County Board of Commissioners	(200,235)	(107,481) (11,840)
Dekalb County Board of Commissioners	(3,111,976)	(376,284)
Dougherty County Board of Commissioners	(497,843)	(54,145)
Douglas County Board of Commissioners	(978,736)	(107,159)
Early County Board of Commissioners	(72,160)	(11,141)
Effingham County Board of Commissioners	(616,112)	(79,980)
Elbert County Board of Commissioners	(150,068)	(18,266)
Emanuel County Board of Commissioners	(130,984)	(14,351)
Evans County Board of Commissioners	(182,655)	(21,042)
Fayette County Board of Commissioners	(741,186)	(96,786)
Floyd County Board of Commissioners	(249,112)	(29,184)
Forsyth County Board of Commissioners	(1,007,819)	(146,459)
Fulton County Board of Commissioners	(3,111,975)	(381,560)
Glynn County Board of Commissioners	(418,557)	(45,362)
Gordon County Board of Commissioners	(112,635)	(9,219)
Grady County Board of Commissioners	(262,696)	(36,259)

Georgia Judicial Retirement System Schedule of Special Funding Amounts by Employer As of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

	State	
	proportionate	Employer
	share of	pension
		expense/
	net pension	·
	asset	(benefit) and
	attributable	related
Employer	to employer	revenue
Gwinnett County Board of Commissioners	\$ (2,302,080)	(270,106)
Habersham County Board of Commissioners	(615,942)	(69,724)
Hall County Board of Commissioners	(1,644,276)	(179,083)
Haralson County Board of Commissioners	_	17,606
Henry County Board of Commissioners	(1,223,966)	(131,462)
Houston County Board of Commissioners	(786,313)	(89,386)
Jackson County Board of Commissioners	(569,741)	(70,257)
Jeff Davis County Board of Commissioners	(267,490)	(30,069)
Jefferson County Board of Commissioners	(138,525)	(13,172)
Jenkins County Board of Commissioners	(123,135)	(16,342)
Lamar County Board of Commissioners	(217,848)	(24,142)
Lanier County Board of Commissioners	(153,918)	(27,197)
Liberty County Board of Commissioners	(638,882)	(84,530)
Long County Board of Commissioners	(81,398)	(4,765)
Lowndes County Board of Commissioners	(862,514)	(95,035)
Lumpkin County Board of Commissioners		3,929
Madison County Board of Commissioners	(192,395)	(33,413)
Mcduffie County Board of Commissioners	(153,915)	(18,014)
Mcintosh County Board of Commissioners	(276,839)	(30,106)
Meriwether County Board of Commissioners	(116,732)	(13,174)
Miller County Board of Commissioners	(301,291)	(36,890)
Mitchell County Board of Commissioners	(350,406)	(46,338)
Muscogee County Board of Commissioners	(1,202,193)	(134,764)
Newton County Board of Commissioners	(110,020)	13,362
Oconee County Board of Commissioners	(110,628)	(14,435)
Paulding County Board of Commissioners	(227,926)	(26,070)
Pickens County Board of Commissioners	(381,982)	(53,199)
Pierce County Board of Commissioners	(183,019)	(21,618)
Polk County Board of Commissioners	(234,161)	(41,425)
Putnam County Board of Commissioners	(228,567) (1,374,329)	(24,942)
Richmond County Board of Commissioners		(119,989)
Rockdale County Board of Commissioners	(503,870)	(57,161)
Screven County Board of Commissioners	(121,978)	(13,833)
Spalding County Board of Commissioners	(508,943)	(66,572)
Stephens County Board of Commissioners	(122,769)	(16,988)
Sumter County Board of Commissioners Tattnall County Board of Commissioners	(283,759) (143,280)	(31,187) (17,621)
Thomas County Board of Commissioners	(143,280) (274,210)	(17,621) (35,522)
Tift County Board of Commissioners	(689,039)	(80,956)
Toombs County Board of Commissioners	(100,345)	. ,
Treutlen County Board of Commissioners	(100,345) (161,536)	(8,697) (17,617)
Troup County Board of Commissioners	(660,582)	(17,617) (80,885)
Houp County Dourd of Commissioners	(000,302)	(00,003)

Georgia Judicial Retirement System Schedule of Special Funding Amounts by Employer As of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

		State	
	proportionate		Employer
	share of net pension asset		pension
			expense/
			(benefit) and
	attributable		related
Employer		to employer	revenue
Turner County Board of Commissioners	\$	(227,349)	(25,509)
Upson County Board of Commissioners		_	12,269
Walker County Board of Commissioners		(640,645)	(62,543)
Walton County Board of Commissioners		(231,099)	(25,631)
Ware County Board of Commissioners		(368,490)	(38,119)
Washington County Board of Commissioners		(80,357)	(4,616)
Wayne County Board of Commissioners		(468,525)	(63,127)
White County Board of Commissioners		(192,395)	(25,674)
Whitfield County Board of Commissioners		(197,944)	(19,200)
Worth County Board of Commissioners		(213,210)	(24,918)
Eighth Judicial Board of Commissioners		(817,678)	(91,052)
Atlantic Judicial Circuit			9,324
Total for State Support Provided to the Districts	\$	(51,389,600)	(5,835,049)

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Georgia Judicial Retirement System

Notes to Supplementary Information Schedules

June 30, 2021

(1) Schedule of Employer Allocations of Special Funding Amounts

The schedule of employer allocations of special funding amounts shows the total State support provided during the measurement period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. The schedule of employer allocations of special funding amounts is included to provide employers with their calculated proportionate share that will be used to recognize pension expense and revenue and to disclose the proportionate share of the collective net pension asset in their respective financial statements.

(2) Components of Schedule of Special Funding Amounts by Employer

(a) State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Attributable to Employer

The State's proportionate share of the net pension asset attributable to the employer is equal to the collective net pension asset multiplied by the employer's proportionate share percentage for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, as shown in the schedule of employer allocations of special funding amounts.

(b) Employer Pension Expense (Benefit) and Related Revenue

Employers in a special funding situation are required to recognize pension expense (benefit) and revenue for the support provided by the nonemployer contributing entity. Certain employers in the GJRS plan are considered special funding situations, as employer contributions are paid by the State. The amounts reported in the column Employer Pension Expense (Benefit) and Related Revenue are calculated for each participating employer by multiplying the collective pension expense (benefit) by the allocation percentage as shown in the schedule of employer allocations of special funding amounts.